

SHIPYARD – CANTIERE NAVAL

THE NAVY – MARINA

BY CHANCE – A CASO / CAPITARE PER SBAGLIO

YOU HAVE ONE CHANCE = YOU HAVE ONE POSSIBILITY

TAKE A CHANCE – TRY

HAVE TO = MUST NOT

MUST = DON'T HAVE TO

## 7C have to, don't have to, must, mustn't

### have to, don't have to

- I **have to** speak English at work.  
She **has to** get up at seven every day.
- We **don't have to** wear a uniform at this school.  
He **doesn't have to** work on Saturdays.
- Do I have to** buy a grammar book?  
What time **does she have to** get up in the morning?

7.13

- We use **have to** + verb (infinitive) to talk about rules and obligations.
- We use **don't have to** + verb (infinitive) to say that there is no obligation, or that something is not necessary.
- We use **do / does** to make questions and negatives.  
**Do I have to go? NOT Have I to go?**
- We don't contract **have** or **has**.  
**I have to go. NOT I've to go.**

### must / mustn't

- You **must** do your homework tonight.  
She **must** tidy her room before she goes out.
- You **mustn't** leave your bags here. (**mustn't = must not**)  
I **mustn't** forget to call her tonight.
- Must** I go to bed now?  
When **must** we decide about the party?

7.14

- **must / mustn't** are the same for all persons.
- We use **mustn't** + verb (infinitive without **to**) to say something is prohibited.

### must and have to

Must and have to are very similar, but there is a small difference. We normally use **have to** for a **general** obligation (a rule at work / school or a law) e.g. **We have to start work at seven**. We normally use **must** for a **personal** obligation (one that the speaker imposes), e.g. a parent to a child: **You must go to bed now!** But often we can use either **must** or **have to**.

### mustn't and don't have to

**Mustn't** and **don't have to** have completely different meanings. Compare:  
**You mustn't go.** = It's prohibited. Don't go.  
**You don't have to go.** = You can go if you want to, but it's not obligatory / necessary.

### Impersonal you

We often use **have to** and **must** with impersonal **you** (**you = people in general**), e.g.  
**You have to wear a seatbelt in a car.**  
**You mustn't take photos in the museum.**

Link to exercises on HAVE TO/MUST : <https://test-english.com/grammar-points/a2/have-to-dont-have-to-must-mustnt/>