

SHIPYARD – CANTIERE NAVAL

THE NAVY – MARINAI

BY CHANCE – A CASO/ CAPITARE PER SBAGLIO

YOU HAVE ONE CHANCE = YOU HAVE ONE POSSIBILITY


TAKE A CHANCE – TRY

HAVE TO = MUST NOT

MUST = DON'T HAVE TO


7C have to, don't have to, must, mustn't

have to, don't have to

- ☒ I **have to** speak English at work.
She **has to** get up at seven every day.  7.13
- ☐ We **don't have to** wear a uniform at this school.
He **doesn't have to** work on Saturdays.
- ☒ **Do** I **have to** buy a grammar book?
What time **does** she **have to** get up in the morning?

- We use **have to** + verb (infinitive) to talk about rules and obligations.
- We use **don't have to** + verb (infinitive) to say that there is no obligation, or that something is not necessary.
- We use **do / does** to make questions and negatives.
Do I have to go? **NOT** ~~Have to go?~~
- We don't contract **have** or **has**.
I **have to** go. **NOT** ~~I've to go.~~

must / mustn't

- ☒ You **must** do your homework tonight.
She **must** tidy her room before she goes out.  7.14
- ☐ You **mustn't** leave your bags here. (**mustn't** = **must not**)
I **mustn't** forget to call her tonight.
- ☒ **Must** I go to bed now?
When **must** we decide about the party?

- We use **must** + verb (infinitive without to) to talk about rules and obligations.

- **must / mustn't** are the same for all persons.
- We use **mustn't** + verb (infinitive without to) to say something is prohibited.

must and have to

Must and **have to** are very similar, but there is a small difference. We normally use **have to** for a **general** obligation (a rule at work / school or a law) e.g. *We have to start work at seven.* We normally use **must** for a **personal** obligation (one that the speaker imposes), e.g. a parent to a child: *You must go to bed now!* But often we can use either **must** or **have to**.

mustn't and don't have to

Mustn't and **don't have to** have completely different meanings. Compare:
You **mustn't** go. = It's prohibited. Don't go.
You **don't have to** go. = You can go if you want to, but it's not obligatory / necessary.

Impersonal you

We often use **have to** and **must** with impersonal **you** (**you** = people in general), e.g.
You **have to** wear a seatbelt in a car.
You **mustn't** take photos in the museum.

Link to exercises on HAVE TO/MUST : <https://test-english.com/grammar-points/a2/have-to-dont-have-to-must-mustnt/>